Treatment Patterns Among Patients With Atopic Dermatitis (AD) Using Advanced Therapies in the United States: Analysis of a Retrospective Claims Database

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Introduction, Methods, and Patients

Introduction

• Many patients with AD cannot adequately control their disease with topical regimens alone and may require advanced treatment options, such as phototherapy and/or systemic agents¹

Objectives

• To describe treatment patterns for patients with AD who are initiating advanced therapy

Methods

Study Design

- Retrospective US claims database descriptive analysis
 - IQVIA Health Plan Claims Dataset^a (Sep 29, 2016 to Jul 31, 2018)

Outcomes

- Adherence/persistence rates
- Discontinuation rates at 6 months
- Subsequent therapy

Patient Characteristics at Index

Patient Inclusion Criteria

- Aged ≥12 years with AD
- Newly initiated an advanced therapy after the availability of dupilumab (Mar 28, 2017)
 - Dupilumab
 - Oral corticosteroids Phototherapy Systemic immunosuppressant^b
- ≥6 months continuous enrollment before and after first advanced therapy claim

Total N=1980		Dupilumab N=265	Oral Corticosteroids N=1453	Systemic Immuno- suppressants N=99	Phototherapy N=163	P Value
Age, mean (SD), y	41.2 (17.4)	39.8 (14.9)	41.1 (17.3)	44.9 (18.7)	42.4 (20.2)	0.069
Female, n (%)	1209 (61.1)	136 (51.3)	911 (62.7)	62 (62.6)	100 (61.3)	0.007
TCS (preindex), n (%)	1290 (65.2)	186 (70.2)	962 (66.2)	69 (69.7)	73 (44.8)	<0.001

AD, atopic dermatitis; TCS, topical corticosteroid.

^aFormerly known as IQVIA Real-World Data Adjudicated Claims Database. ^b Systemic immunosuppressants include methotrexate, cyclosporine, azathioprine, or mycophenolate mofetil

1. Sidbury R et al. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2014;71(2):327-349.

Treatment Patterns





Dupilumab	Oral Corticosteroids	Systemic Immunosuppressants		
21.9%	97.7%	63.6%		

PDC, proportion of days covered.

Phototherapy excluded from these analyses because it is not oral or injectable.

^aAdherence defined as PDC ≥80%.^bTime spent on therapy without a gap of >60 days, from Kaplan-Meier analysis. ^cTreatment gap >60 days, from Kaplan-Meier analysis.



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Subsequent Therapy During ≥6-Month Follow-Up

Subsequent	Therapy
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	n (%)	Dupilumab	Oral corticosteroids	Cyclosporine	Mycophenolate mofetil	Azathioprine	Methotrexate	Phototherapy
	Dupilumab N=265	-	46 (17.4)	4 (1.5)	1 (0.4)	2 (0.8)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.4)
herapy	Oral Corticosteroids N=1453	114 (7.8)	-	14 (1.0)	9 (0.6)	6 (0.4)	48 (3.3)	29 (2.0)
Index I	Systemic Immuno- suppressants N=99	18 (18.2)	23 (23.2)	-	-	-	-	3 (3.0)
	Phototherapy N=163	4 (2.5)	21 (12.9)	1 (0.6)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	3 (1.8)	-

Conclusions

- Challenges remain for patients with AD who require advanced therapy
- Oral corticosteroids are the most frequently used advanced therapy (73.4%)
- <70% of patients are adherent to their treatment regimen, and >20% discontinue within 6 months